

# University of Kota, Kota

# **B. Sc. II Semester Zoology**

## B. Sc. II Semester Zoology Exam. May 2020

## **Z - 201.** Paper I: Animal Diversity - I (Arthropoda to Echinodermata)

## Unit – I Arthropoda

- 1. General characters and classification of phylum Arthropoda up to subclass.
- 2. Habit, habitat, external features, appendages, digestive, respiratory, circulatory, excretory, reproductive and nervous system and sense organs of Scorpion.
- 3. Habit, habitat, external features, appendages, digestive, respiratory, circulatory, excretory, reproductive and nervous system and sense organs of Prawn (*Palaemon*).

## Unit – II Mollusca

- 1. General characters and classification phylum Mollusca up to subclass.
- 2. Habit, habitat, external features, coelom, general anatomy, digestive, respiratory, circulatory, excretory, reproductive systems, of *Pila*.
- 3. Habit, habitat, external features, coelom, general anatomy, digestive, respiratory, circulatory, excretory, reproductive systems Unio.

## **Unit – III Echinodermata**

- 1. General characters and classification of phylum-Echinodermata up to subclass.
- 2. Habit, habitat, symmetry, external features, coelom, general anatomy, Digestive, respiratory, circulatory, excretory, water vascular, reproductive, nervous system and sense organs of star fish (*Asterias*).
- 3. Habit, habitat, symmetry, external features of *Octopus*.

### **Unit – IV Larval forms**

- 1. Larval forms of Crustacea.
- 2. Larval forms of Mollusca.
- 3. Larval forms of Echinodermata.

### **Unit – III General**

- 1. Metamorphosis in Insects.
- 2. Torsion in Gastropoda.
- 3. Autotomy and regeneration in Echinoderms

# Z - 202. Paper II: Cell Biology and Microscopy

#### Unit-I

- (a) Introduction, Discovery of cell, cell theory, golden period of cytology, prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell characteristics of animal cell.
- (b) Protoplasm-: History, physical characters, colloidal property,
- (c) Chemical composition and Biological characters of protoplasm.

#### Unit- II

- (a) Structure chemical composition and functions of plasma membrane, endoplasmic reticulum, ribosome, Golgi apparatus, lysosome.
- (b) Mitochondria, cilia and flagella.
- (c) Nucleus and nucleolus.

#### **Unit III**

- (a) Mitosis: cell cycle, mitotic apparatus, centriole aster, and significance.
- (b) Meiosis: Introduction, meiotic cycle, synapses of chromosomes, crossing over mechanism, Initiation and control of meiosis, significance.
- (c) Gametogenesis: spermatogenesis and oogenesis.

#### Unit -IV

- (a) Nucleic Acid: Chemistry, Molecular model, Duplication, properties and functions of DNA, Types of RNA, Nucleic Acid as Genetic material.
- (b) Nucleic Acid synthesis: -Biosynthesis of DNA and RNA.
- (c) Genetic code, transcription and translation. Role of RNA; Regulation of protein synthesis.

#### **Unit-V**

- (a) Microscopy and cytological techniques: Introduction, types of microscopes.
- (b) Autoradiography.
- (c) Isolation of cell components.

## **Z - 203.** Zoology- Practical

### 1. Study of animal diversity through museum specimens:-

**Arthropoda -** *Peripatus*, *Limulus*, spider, *Lepas*, crab, lobster, *Balanus*, *Saculina*, *Lepisma*, moth, butterfly, rice weevil, centipede, millipede, locust, cyclops.

**Mollusca -** Chiton, Neopilina, Patella, Aplysia, Dentalium, Ostrea, Teredo, Loligo, Octopus, Nautilus, Mytillus, pearl oyster.

Echinodermata - Antedon, Cucumaria, Echinus, Astropecten, Ophiothrix, Holothuria.

## 2. Study of sections of organs and developmental stages:

**Arthropoda -** Larval stages of crustacea and insecta - *Nauplius, Zoea, Megalopa, Mysis, Cypris* larva, mosquito larvae and instars of flies. Book lung, trachea, malpighian tubule, pectins (scorpion),

**Mollusca -** Veliger and glochidium larvae. Sections of *Unio* through different regions, *Unio* gill T.S.

Echinodermata - Pedicellaria, pluteus larva, bipinnaria larva.

# 3. Demonstration of Dissections: Through Chart / Model / Photograph / CD

a. Major -

Palaemon - digestive and nervous system.

Scorpion - digestive, reproductive and nervous system.

*Pila* - general anatomy, nervous system.

*Unio* - nervous system.

b. Minor -

Palaemon - hastate plate, appendages, alimentary canal and statocyst.

Scorpion - appendages, book lungs.

Pila - gill lamella, radula, osphradium and pallial complex.

*Unio* - gill lamella and pallial complex.

# 4. Permanent slide preparation/mounting:

*Daphnia, Cyclops*, crustacean larvae, book lung of scorpion, statocyst and hastate plate of prawn, Mouth parts, wings, appendages and salivary glands of cockroach and wasp gill lamella, radula and osphradium of *Pila*, gill lamella of *Unio*, glochidium larva.

# 5. Cell Biology

- (1) Cell permeability
- (2) Acetocarmin preparation of mitotic activity
- (3) Demonstration of mitochondria using vital stain.

## B.Sc. (Semester-II) - Zoology Practical Exam - 2020 Distribution of Marks

Time 4 Hrs.		Max. Marks – 50
1.	Demonstration of Major Dissections:	
	(Through Chart / Model / Photograph / CD)	06
2.	Demonstration of minor Dissections:	
	(Through Chart / Model / Photograph / CD)	04
3.	Slide Preparation	05
4.	Exercise in Cell biology	05
5.	Spots (10)	20
6.	Record	05
7.	Viva-voce	05
	Total	50

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